

CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIII. No. 14

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, MAY 5th, 1932

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

Announcement

Special Demonstration and
Display

—OF—

COMPO Leather

REAL LEATHER IN PLASTIC FORM

For resoling shoes, repairing tires, auto
tops, leather coats and any
leather material.

See the factory representative
at this store

Saturday, May 7th., 1932

Wm. Laut

Car Owners!

It pays in the long run to have your car
overhauled by us. We know your car and
its troubles. No guess work. We have the
proper factory tools and wrenches. No cold
chisel and hammer work. Our rates are
reasonable.

EVERYTHING A GARAGE
SHOULD BE.

CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER, Proprietor

Phone 4

Crossfield, Alberta.

BABY CHICKS

Will soon be arriving, and must be kept warm and healthy.
For Brooder Stoves we recommend GALT Stove
COAL at \$6.50 per ton—it works all the time.

A small sack of lime will make enough Whitewash
to keep the brooder house clean and sanitary.

Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.

HARRY R. FITZPATRICK

Member

Phone 15

W.R.L.A.

Fertilize Your Garden

WE CAN SUPPLY YOU WITH

Ammonium Phosphate

5 lb. carton	75c
25 lb. sack	2.00
50 lb. sack	3.00
100 lb. sack	4.00

W. K. Gibson

TELEPHONE 68

Every Man or Woman
Should Make a Will.

IF you do not make a will, the
Court will appoint an admin-
istrator. Your estate will be distrib-
uted amongst your next of kin, some
person may benefit, that is not en-
titled to it. It costs more to ad-
minister when there is no will.

A. W. GORDON

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance
Crossfield, Alberta

Come in and have your will prepar-
ed at little cost.

Provincial Income Tax

Alberta Provincial Income Tax forms
to be filled out and mailed prior to May
31, 1932, by all taxable residents of the
Province and those deriving an income
in the Province but living outside the
Province.

Income means all income received by
the taxpayer except the following which
are exempt from tax: Interest on Alber-
ta Government bonds, war pensions, leg-
acies, gifts and proceeds of life insurance
but not the interest earned by the invest-
ment of these. DOMINION BONDS
ARE NOT EXEMPT.

Tax payable by all single persons hav-
ing a NET income over \$750.00.

Tax payable by all married persons or
those with dependents having a NET in-
come over \$1500.00.

Exemption for children or other de-
pendents \$400.00 each.

A base tax or filing fee of \$3.00 is pay-
able in addition to the tax.

Example:

Single Persons with net income.....\$900.00

Single persons exemptions.....750.00

Taxable income.....150.00

Rate 1 per cent. on \$150 is \$1.50

Plus base tax.....3.00

Total tax payable.....\$4.50

Example:

Married persons net income.....\$2400.00

Married persons exemp. \$1500.00

Two children exemptions 800.00

Total exemptions.....2300.00

Taxable income.....100.00

Rate 1 per cent. on \$100 is \$1.00

Base Tax.....3.00

Total tax payable.....\$4.00

The Local Tax Arrears

Consolidation Act, 1932

Your article on Tax penalties copied
last week from the Vegreville Observer
does not state the whole story.

At the 1931 session of the Legislature,
the Local Tax Arrears Consolidation Act
was passed, which permitted a Municipality
to pass a by-law on or before 1st
day of Aug. 1931, whereby a farmers
arrear of taxes could be consolidated
and divided into four or five annual pay-
ments plus interest. In this way a farmer
could pay his annual payment plus
current taxes and avoid the penalties.

This Act was so popular that at the
1932 session the Act was extended to
1932 and included the cities, towns and
villages.

The Act was further amended to per-
mit a council to pass a by-law whereby
anyone wishing to pay all or any part of
their arrears during the year 1932, all the
penalties previously added to that por-
tion being paid would be deducted and a
straight 5 per cent added. In addition
the Council must also include in that by-
law a provision whereby any one paying
their current taxes on or before Nov. 1st,
1932 would receive a 5 per cent discount.
If paid on or before Dec. 1st, 1932, would
receive a 2 1/2 per cent discount.

Thus you will see while it is a big help
to the man in arrears it also gives con-
sideration to the man who pays his taxes
promptly. This Act is entirely optional
and the Council must pass a by-law be-
fore a taxpayer will benefit.

"THE NUT FARM"

A three act comedy, will be presented
by the Swastika Club of South Calgary
United Church, under the auspices of the
Anglican Church, Crossfield on Friday,
May 20, in the U. F. A. Hall. Save the
date for this splendid evening's entertain-
ment.

GEORGE LANDYMORE

He came from Britain's Isle, across
the sea,
Whence many of our forebears also
came.
He worked the land, and did his
share in life:
Contented with his lot, nor sought
for fame.
He always had a smile for you and
me.
A kindly man he was, beloved by all.
We'll miss him from amongst the
crowd;
But yet rejoice he heard the Master's
call.

An "International" Will Take You There
Wm Laut sold a new 20 run
McCormick drill to Dan Schaefer
at Summit Hill. Walter Spivey
hailed it out on the truck on Mon-
day and although he got stuck in
one of the mud holes made the trip
in good time.

BOARD OF TRADE

LUNCHEON, MAY 16

W. G. Carpenter, Director of
Technical Education, Calgary, will
be the speaker at the regular mon-
thly meeting and luncheon of the
Board of Trade on Monday even-
ing, May 16 at seven o'clock.

WHEAT BONUS TO EXPIRE, JUNE 15

The Board of Grain Commission-
ers of Canada has announced to all
licensees feining the federal five
cent bonus on wheat, that the bon-
us will expire on June 15.

TOWN COUNCIL

The regular meeting of the town
council was held on Monday even-
ing. Present Mayor Williams and
Councillors Amussen and Nichol.
C. H. McMillan and Thos. Tred-
away, representing the Board of
Trade, appeared before the council
re the proposed nuisance grounds
fence.

It was moved and carried that
the town buy the material for the
construction of a board fence 90
yards long and 8 feet high to ob-
scure the view of the nuisance
grounds from the highway. The
cost of the fence will amount to
around \$85.00.

It is planned by the Board of
Trade to build the fence on Wed-
nesday afternoons with voluntary
help. They also agree to sell ad-
vertising space on the fence to the
extent of \$35.00 to \$40.00 and to
turn this amount over to the town.

The secretary was instructed to
take action by seizure to collect
arrears of business tax.

The cobblers will have their busi-
ness tax reduced from \$10.00 a
year to \$5.00 a year. This change
can not be made until next year.

The constable was instructed to
notify residents that lanes at the
rear of their premises must be
cleared up.

The Constable was instructed to
notify the Oliver Cafe that the
cess pool at the rear of their prem-
ises must be covered and emptied
according to the by-law.

Vacant lots for gardens were re-
duced from \$5.00 to \$3.00 a year.

There is considerable repairing of
sidewalks to be done this year,
and if funds permit the sidewalk
will be extend from the Christian-
sen residence on Hammond Street
to the Anglican Church.

The council will also have one
block of cement sidewalk on Main
Street patched this year.

Mr. Amussen was of the opinion
that the town should build a six
foot board fence on the north side
of the nuisance grounds, to hide the
view from the ratepayers who
have to put up with it all the time.

The council while agreeing to the
proposal of Mr. Amussen, did
not feel justified in the expenditure
this year.

H. B. ADSHEAD EXPIRES AFTER HEART ATTACK

Closing an outstanding career
which started in Western Canada
about 34 years ago when as a 36-
year old school teacher fresh from
Ottawa normal school he settled
with his wife and family near Olds,
death came suddenly Monday
morning to Herbert B. Adshead,
former Labor M. P. for East Cal-
gary, who suffered a paralytic
stroke Sunday afternoon during a
meeting in the Canadian Legion
hall, Calgary.

Mr. Adshead died at 2:30 o'clock
Monday morning in the Calgary
General hospital after partial pa-
ralysis had set in. His eldest son,
Cecil H. Adshead of Didsbury, was
with him when the end came.

He was elected in 1926 as a
Labor member for East Calgary.
In 1930 he was defeated by Dr. G.
D. Stanley, Conservative candi-
date.

"DREAM ON"

One of our subscribers dreamed
the other night that the editor was
a hard-boiled collector and had
demanded payment. When he
woke in the morning and found it
a dream, he rushed in and paid his
subscription for fear the dream
would come true.

Ed. Note--Dream on who's next!

Make Your Dollars Go Further

Shoe Prices Down

BELOW MAIL ORDER HOUSES

Men's Black Box Kip Bluchers	\$2.47
Men's Tan Bluchers	2.65
Men's Black Bluchers	2.95
Women's Black Kid	2.38
Women's Oxfords	2.59
Girl's Shoes in patent or black	1.95
Boy's Box Kip from	1.99 to 2.49
Children's Shoes, all sizes	1.00 to \$1.78

Buy in your own home town, and support the
community where you make your living.

Crossfield District Co-Operative
Association U. F. A. Limited

When Car Trouble Puzzles You....

Bring the Bus to Us

Life is too short for you to spend your time trying to solve
motor riddles. Just bring the car to us and we'll find what-
ever's wrong—and get it right—no matter what make it hap-
pens to be. Our prices are the lowest possible.

The Service Garage

W. J. Wood Phone 11
Tires Accessories Repairs

THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield

Phone 54

Alberta.

A Few Second-hand Plows and Tractors

20-30 and 3 furrow plow from \$500.00 to \$650.00
(Plow is new.)

10 per cent discount on all Massey-Harris
sales and on all due notes.

Sharpen Share for	25c
Point Share and Sharpen	\$1.00
Polish Share	10c
Disc Sharpen, if taken down, each	15c

Work Guaranteed

J. M. WILLIAMS

Massey-Harris Agent
Acetylene Welding

Airdrie 33

Phone:

Calgary M 1010

Crossfield Transfer

Daily Service from Crossfield to Calgary

ALL LOADS INSURED

FREIGHT, FURNITURE and LIVE STOCK

M. PATMORE

Phone 62

CROSSFIELD

Goods may be left at Chronicle office for shipment
to Calgary.

Balancing Life's Budget.

My dealer is _____

Report Submitted On The Milling And Baking Qualities Of Spring Wheat Varieties

A report on the milling and baking qualities of Canadian spring wheat varieties has been submitted to the common committee on agriculture.

The report was made to the National Research Council by J. G. Malloch, assistant research biologist, University of Alberta; W. F. Geddes, professor of agricultural chemistry, University of Manitoba, and R. J. Larmer, assistant professor of chemistry, University of Saskatchewan.

A co-operative study was made of the milling and baking quality of 28 varieties of spring wheat, now grown in western Canada. Samples were grown in adjacent plots by the Dominion Experimental Farms and Universities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta in 1928, 1929 and 1930. Only samples which were sound enough to be placed in the statutory grades by official inspectors were milled and baked in each of the three co-operating laboratories. Four baking formulas were used. The varieties were classified on the bases of loaf volume, texture, crumb color, general appearance of loaf, absorption and yield of straight flour. These classifications were combined to give classifications for baking quality and milling quality and finally for suitability for export and domestic milling. The last classification is briefly:

1. Varieties which are entirely satisfactory: Reward, Ceres, Marquis, Pioneer, Red Fife, Henfrey, Red Bobs 222 and Supreme.
2. Varieties which are fairly satisfactory: Early Red Fife, Ruby and Early Triumph.
3. Varieties which are unsatisfactory: (a) White wheat quality, Axminster and Hard Federation. (b) Varieties differing from Marquis in milling characteristics: Garnet and Kola. (c) Varieties inferior to Marquis in baking characteristics: Garnet, Parker's Selection, Brownhead, Huron, Kitchener, Preston and Marquillo.
4. Varieties which are very unsatisfactory: Early Florio, Dickow and Vermillion.

Of Marquis, the report states it is "our standard variety and is satisfactory in all respects." Dealing with Reward, the report reads:

"Reward has a high weight per bushel and a satisfactory protein yield. It has a very high protein content. The baking qualities are excellent. It gives loaves of large volume with good color, texture, appearance and absorption. Reward has the best milling and baking quality of the varieties tested."

Among the varieties placed in the class unsatisfactory for export or domestic milling in the report, perhaps the most commonly grown is Garnet. The report states:

"Garnet: The test weight and the yield of flour are satisfactory. Garnet differs from Marquis in its tempering properties and cannot be tempered properly when mixed with this variety. For this reason the milling quality of Garnet is classed as fair. The protein content is low. It is satisfactory in absorption and in appearance of the loaves. The other baking characteristics are poor."

"It gives small loaves with poor texture, particularly when baked by the blend-bromate or malt-phosphate formula. The color of the crumb is decidedly yellow. Garnet cannot be considered a desirable variety."

The report was dated on April 4.

Good Reason For Economy

A bond salesman went into a drug store the other day and ordered a plate of crackers and a glass of water. A friend who happened to be in the same store, asked him: "What's the matter, Mac? On a diet?"

"No," snapped the other. "On commission."



"What a silly place to put a wash-basin!"—Sondagsmeis—Strix, Stockholm.

W. N. U. 1940

Fowl Of Canadian Origin

Chantrelle Produced In Quebec and Is Hardy Type

There is one variety of fowl that has the distinction of being Canadian in origin. It is the Chantrelle which was originated by scientific cross-breeding under the direction of Rev. M. Wilfrid, professor of poultry husbandry at the Oka village at La Prairie, Quebec. Rev. Wilfrid's experiments resulted in the production of a breed which had qualities sufficiently distinctive to merit recognition in the year 1918, ten years after the first crossings were made. The breeds from which the Chantrelle is evolved are Cornish, Leghorn, Rhode Island, Wyandotte and White Plymouth Rock.

One purpose, which actuated the originator of the Chantrelle, was the production of a bird that would be unusually hardy in order to withstand the rigors of the Canadian winter. It was to be both a layer and a good table bird. The comb of the Chantrelle has been reduced almost to vanishing point, the purpose of this being to obviate the tendency of large combs to become frozen in winter. The very small comb is called a pea comb.

Need More Canadianism

Dominion Could Organize As Good Broadcasting As The United States

Canadians are almost persuaded against their better judgment that it is better for us to be under the authority of the United States in this matter than under our own Canadian organization. We are pleased with not even to try the plan of Canadian organization. We are advised to continue to listen to the Star Spangled Banner and its bearers flapping in the breeze and telling us all about the land of the free and the home of the brave. And a great many Canadians no doubt think this is all right. What is needed is a little Canadianism, just enough to decide that we shall have Canadian representation at Madrid when the allocation of sound waves is decided and just enough to stand up and say that we think we can organize as good broadcasting as New York or Chicago, and with a little more of the Maple Leaf in it than of the American Eagle.—Hamilton Herald.

Not Easy To Answer

How Can Farmer Make Money With Prices So Low

We can tell the farmer to a decimal point how many acres of sod or stubble a man should plow in a ten-hour day with a team of horses or with a tractor. We can inform him that he should be able to grow potatoes for 30 cents per bushel; likewise that the average length of life of a corn-binder is 20.8 years, and that a gang-plow should live to the fine old age of 19.5 years. Yes, sir, we can fairly spit statistics and figures which would amaze the man on the farm. But honestly, brother, when you ask how to make money selling milk to the factory at some 10 cents per quart per quart, and when you yearn for enlightenment on how to wax fat on selling pigs with their boots on at \$4.25 per hundred, we must follow our usual policy of being very frank, and our answer is that we have a sneaking suspicion that you can't do it.—Stratford Beacon-Herald.

The Stupid Fifties

Columbia Professor Thinks Middle Aged People No Longer Useful

In a book called "Introduction to the History of Human Stupidity," written by a Columbia professor, we are told that economic stability will never return until every person more than 50 years old is retired. This professor says that men over 50 are stupid. And he proved it by writing this book; for he himself happens to be 58 years old.

Those of us who are over 50 and still in harness need not be distressed by what the professor says. Just imagine a world without King George, Premier R. B. Bennett, MacKenzie King, President Hoover, Von Hindenburg, Ramsay MacDonald, Mr. Baldwin, Henry Ford, Premier Henry, Premier Taschereau, and a host of others.

Despite occasional exceptions, youth is impetuous and the ripe judgment necessary to important decisions comes only with the years.

Paris is opening many new schools.



By Annette



THE LIGHT TOPPED BOBICE

PARIS HAS MADE SO MODISH And what a remarkably chic effect! All you've to do is to decide whether you want this darling dress for sports or afternoons and then select your fabric.

The sheer woolsens create a very soft appearance. And many smart women wear these interesting new woolsens that assume new formality from morning until dinner.

Rough crepe silk is another delightfully lovely fabric that, while sportive may be worn for afternoons. A new winter printed crepe silk in combination with plain flat crepe, is charming for this model.

The raglan shoulders are very slimming and very easily handled by the home seamstress.

Style No. 983 is designed for sizes 16, 38, 40 years, 36, 38, 40 inches bust. Size 36 requires 3 yards of 39-inch contrasting.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (cash is preferred). Wrap cloth carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Japs Issue Warning

A warning to the League of Nations and to Soviet Russia to keep "hands off Manchuria" was issued by General Sadao Araki, Japanese war minister, in a speech to the Kokuhonsha, a patriotic society of Osaka.

Inglorious End Of Glorious Flight



Workmen are shown hauling the wreckage of the plane in which J. A. Mollison (inset), English aviator, made a record-breaking flight from England to Africa, from the Minerton Beach, Cape Town, South Africa. The airplane crashed on the completion of his long flight while attempting to make a landing on the beach. He flew from London, England, to the tip of Africa in just five days. Mollison was uninjured in the crash and immediately drove to the aerodrome, where thousands of anxious spectators greeted him.

Plants Think On Seeing The Light

Scientist Says Vegetable Kingdom Has Brains And Uses Them

When you see a plant bending toward the light, it is thinking.

For plants have brains, according to experiments conducted by the Smithsonian Institution at Washington. Like human beings and animals, they also have eyes and legs—and use them.

This relation between the vegetable and animal kingdom, discovery of which may have far reaching results, was disclosed by a doctor who has made a study of the actions of plants when exposed to light.

"There appears to exist in the plant a more or less localized region capable of receiving a stimulus," he said. "It has been shown that the most sensitive portion of a coleoptile—the leaf sheath surrounding the bud of an ascending shoot—is the first fifty millimeters of the tip. The first millimeter is 160 times as sensitive as the second, and 1,500 times as sensitive as the third millimeter zone."

The tip of the plant corresponds to an eye. When light strikes the "eye," then the stem of the plant corresponding to the leg, bends much as a human being does in walking.

Northern Grown Seed

Herman Tries Advice To Avoid Danger From Rust

Prairie farmers who face the annual menace of rust should fight by use of northern grown seed grain, declared Herman Trelle, wheat king, at Edmonton.

Reports on Peace River seed used on the southern prairie affected zones had shown practical immunity the first year, while resistance began to break down the second year. That indicates change of seed every third year would prove good insurance against rust. He believed seed grown in northern Saskatchewan would be equally as effective for Manitoba and southern prairie farmers.

Trelle dubbed the research hunt for good milling rust-resistant wheat varieties as a "wild goose chase" and waste of time and money.

A Really New Invention

Quebec Man Has Potato Machine That Works Successfully

The completion of a potato digging machine of his own invention has recently been announced by Joseph Morais, of Ville St. Pierre near Montreal. He claims that it has been inspected by the federal and provincial government authorities and pronounced to be the only machine in existence today that will dig potatoes without injuring the vegetable. It weighs 300 lbs., is made up of twenty component parts and can be hauled by a team of horses or by a motor truck.

Cling To Old Idea

North Carolina Indians Still Believe In "Witch Children"

"Witch children," specially educated from babyhood to be witches, have just been reported by a scientist to exist among the Cherokee Indians of North Carolina.

These 20th century witches are "made, not born," says Dr. Frans M. Oltreichts, Belgian ethnologist, in a report issued by the Smithsonian Institute. Children, preferably twins, selected for a career as witches are put through an initiation supposed to endow them with supernatural powers.

Probable Carry-Over Of Wheat Is Expected To Be Smallest Since 1928, According To Estimates

Work Under Handicap

Watch Is Not Used By Russian Railway Men

The lack of watches in Soviet pockets is partially blamed by the Transport Union for recent railway disasters, says a message from Moscow. Wrecks occur trains are late, and the transportation system suffers from lack of co-ordination, when employees cannot determine whether they are operating their trains according to the time-table. The Commissariat of Transport, tried the experiment of issuing watches to men as they went on duty, and having them turned in at the close of work, so they would be available for the next shift. This proved unsatisfactory, chiefly because the watches were not given sufficient care. Now the Union has called on the Commissariat of Supply to speed up the output of watches so that all railway men may have them.

Watermark On Paper

Pulp Is Passed Under Roller Which Bears Requisite Device

A watermark is a device which is incorporated in the body of a paper. When paper is made by machinery the paper pulp is passed under a wire roller, known as the "dandy" roll, which bears the requisite watermark device. The paper is thus thinned where the wires of the "dandy" roll touch it; and so, when the paper is finished, these parts are more transparent than the rest. While a large number of postage stamps are printed on watermarked paper, it is incorrect to suppose that a specimen is not genuine because its paper is unmarked. There are many countries which do not avail themselves of this useful safeguard against the forgery of their postage stamps.

Undue Pessimism

Canada Suffering From A National Headache, Says Hon. R. J. Manion

"We are suffering from a national headache induced by a financial debacle," said Hon. R. J. Manion, Federal Minister of Railways and Canals, in the course of an address before the Toronto Liberal-Conservative Businessmen's Club at Toronto.

"There is undue pessimism, just as there was undue optimism in the boom days of 1929," he said. "Let us practice some of the spirit showing during the war, and we will be one of the first countries to return to prosperity."

Navigators Fear Fog

Only Danger Which Is Really Alarming To Sea Captain

Fogs are the most dangerous hazards that confront navigators. A sea captain is not greatly alarmed by a heavy gale; he doesn't worry much about a high running sea; he manoeuvres his vessel through treacherous sounds and within perilous passages without more than ordinary caution; but when a thick fog hangs over the water he immediately reduces the speed of his ship and keeps his ears open for the bellows of the foghorn that indicates the proximity of a dangerous shore or a hidden rock.

A survey of the world wheat situation

shows varying conditions, but the bright spot for Canada is the estimate of a comparatively small carry-over, with indications of favorable export trade for the balance of the present crop year, ending July 31, 1932.

Recent estimates place the probable carry-over at 104,000,000 bushels, the smallest since 1928, and about 30,000,000 bushels less than on July 31, 1931.

In a review of world conditions, issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, the European market is described as "broader today than at any time during the present crop year." World import requirements for the balance of the crop year are placed at from 225,000,000 to 235,000,000 bushels. Under present conditions, Canada and the United States will be called on to supply 150,000,000 bushels, probably, says the bureau review, about 75,000,000 from each country.

Reports of below normal conditions in the winter wheat belt of the United States have focused the eyes of the grain trade on the situation there. With early reports of a crop 42 per cent. below the 1931 yield, weather conditions over the production area in the next few weeks will have an important effect upon the world situation.

Growing crops in Europe are subject of varying reports, but it is too early, adds the review, to offer definite comments. In general, crops in northern Europe are inclined to be backward, and in central Europe, including France, Spain and Germany, are in good condition. The Canadian countries report favorable development, with the exception of Hungary, where wheat and rye crops are unsatisfactory. Reports from Russia continue to indicate difficulty in getting the 1932 production underway. The Soviet continues, to offer a field for speculation among students of the wheat situation.

Dentists Require More Than Mechanical Skill

Students Now Get Good Grounding In Medical Science

No profession offers better possibilities in the province of Quebec than the dental profession, Dr. Walsh, acting dean of the Dental Faculty of McGill University, told members of the Gyr Club at Montreal. There was only one dentist for every 3,300 persons he pointed out.

Up to the present time, Dr. Walsh thought, the dental profession had been looked upon as merely a highly-skilled mechanical one. All this was changing, however, and it was generally recognised now that students of dentistry were getting every bit as good as the medical students. He prophesied that the time was close at hand when people would not merely ask the dentist what was wrong with this or that tooth, but ply him with the question: "Is anything wrong with my mouth?"

Wheat Bonus

Farm Bonus On An Acreage Basis Urged Instead Of Bushel Basis

Payment of a farm bonus on an acreage basis instead of on a bushel basis is favored by the Manitoba legislature. In a resolution, the House urges the Dominion Government, if it continues payment of a bonus, to base it on total acreage seeded. The present bonus is five cents per bushel on wheat produced.

Federal action is called for in another resolution which asks an investigation of the price on farm implements and parts in western Canada by a committee of the House of Commons. Supporters of the resolution said the price of implements had not come down to the extent the price of farm products had and tended to retard economic recovery on the prairies.



"I came here because I am a bachelor and love war."

"I came here because I am married and love peace."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

COMFORT for COLICKY BABIES

... THROUGH CASTORIA'S GENTLE REGULATION

The best way to prevent colic, doctors say, is to avoid gas in stomach and bowels by keeping the entire intestinal tract open, free from waste. But remember, this is a baby's tender little organs cannot stand harsh treatment. They must be gently urged. This is just the time Castoria can help most. Castoria, you know, is made especially for babies and children. It is a pure vegetable preparation, perfectly harmless. It contains no harsh drugs, no narcotics. For years it has helped mothers through trying times with colicky babies and children suffering with digestive upsets, colds and fever. Keep genuine Castoria on hand, with the name.

CASTORIA
CHILDREN CRY FOR IT

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The first shipment of Canadian livestock this year from Montreal to Great Britain left Montreal April 29. Germany may refuse to pay more reparations at the end of the Hoover moratorium.

A new agricultural advisory committee will be set up in Canada to co-ordinate and give direction to the work of scientific agriculturists.

Great Britain will be the first country to come back to normal said Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, Canadian High Commissioner to Great Britain.

The volume of trade between Canada and France shows an increase of exports and a change in the trade balance to favor Canada.

Professor E. L. Harrington, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, is among the newly-elected fellows of the Royal Society of Canada.

It was said in the British House of Commons that preferential tariffs to the Dominions had been abused in cases of semi-manufactured goods.

The amount and percentage of pulpwood used in Japan from Canada have increased, and the Canadian pulpwood now holds first place in volume and value.

The civil aviation branch of the department of national defense for Canada has been practically wiped out as the result of a severe cut in federal estimates.

Captain Joseph Devlin, O.B.E., is dead at his home in Burnaby, B.C., aged 83. He was born in Belfast, Ireland, and had a distinguished military career.

The new \$1,000,000 Shakespeare Memorial Theatre at Stratford-on-Avon, opened by the Prince of Wales, has been described by some people as a jam factory in appearance.

The Prince of Wales will be the chief guest of the British Medical Association at their great centenary dinner at the Albert Hall in July. The party will comprise some 2,000 doctors and their wives, drawn from all over the world.

Watch Your Step
A Boston manufacturer is trying to produce a non-skid bathtub. The bathtub of today, he says, is "a thousand times more dangerous than railroad travel and two hundred times as dangerous as riding in an airplane." Watch your naked step.



Servant (to portrait of master): "You said that I drink your wine to be your back; now I will tell it to your face."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1940

King George Refused Stamps For Collection

Royal Family Does Not Accept Gifts From Public

American admirers of George V. and his stamp collection, who have been sending His Majesty specimens of American issues, are advised through the Associated Press that he does not accept gifts of stamps. The Royal Family of Great Britain makes a practice of not accepting gifts from the public at home or abroad. What is more, with respect to proffered gifts of American stamps, George V.'s world famous collection includes only stamps of the British Empire. This explanation is timely. An American sent His Majesty specimens of a recent issue of commemorative stamps from this country and was peeved because they were not accepted. The story got into the newspapers and tended to convey the wholly erroneous idea that King George was unappreciative of the compliment paid him by the offer of the stamps. A statement of the Royal Family's practice in such matters should be sufficient to remove any such misunderstanding.—Detroit Free Press.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

PRUNE JAM

- 2 cups prunes.
- 2 oranges.
- 1 cup sugar.
- 1½ pints water.
- 1 lemon.
- ½ teaspoon salt.

Soak the prunes overnight in the water. Cook 10 minutes in the water in which they soaked, drain, and cut into small pieces. Slice the oranges and lemon, including the peeling, very thin and cook rapidly in the prune juice for 15 minutes. Add the prune pulp, the sugar and the salt, and cook until thick, stirring constantly. Seal in hot, sterile jars.

CARAMEL PUDDING WITH MARSHMALLOW WHIP

- 1 junket tablet.
- 1 tablespoon cold water.
- 1 pint milk.
- 4 tablespoons marshmallow topping.
- ¼ cup sugar.
- ¼ cup boiling water.
- ½ teaspoon vanilla.

Dissolve junket tablet in cold water. Put sugar in a small saucepan and heat, stirring constantly, until melted and golden brown. Add boiling water and dissolve sugar in it. Add milk to caramel syrup and warm until lukewarm—NOT HOT. Remove from stove. Add dissolved junket tablet and vanilla and turn at once into individual dessert glasses. Let stand in a warm room until firm; then chill before serving. Mix the marshmallow topping with two tablespoons milk. When ready to serve the junket, top with the marshmallow mixture.

Ray Line Rates Fixed

Fictitious Mileage Plan Used As Base For Charges

The Hudson Bay railway freight tariff, long avoided by western interests, went into effect Tuesday, April 26.

The tariff is on the Port William basis and bases the freight rate on a fictitious mileage, 130 miles less than the actual distance of the haul.

This schedule has been objected to by the Saskatchewan traffic council on the grounds that points in the western provinces will not receive the same proportionate reduction from the flat rate as those nearer to the port.

The traffic council, suggested by the provincial government some time ago, addressed a resolution to the Dominion Government and the Canadian National Railways asking that the distributing town tariff rates be applied a rate equivalent to 85 per cent. of the prairie mileage rate. This reduced rate is at the present time in effect from distributing centres on the prairies.

Tip For Farmers

A farmer was delivering vegetables to an asylum, when a patient accosted him.

"You're a farmer, ain't you?" he asked.

The farmer allowed that he was.

"I used to be a farmer once," said the inmate.

"Yes."

"Yes. Did you ever try bein' crazy?"

The farmer never had, and started to move on.

"Well, you should try it," was the ex-farmer's parting shot. "It beats farmin' hollow."

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Annette



DELIGHTFULLY BECOMING TO
THE HEAVIER FIGURE IS
SIMPLE STRAIGHT LINE
DRESS

Here are charming lines for the matron. And into the bargain, it is a very simple dress to fashion.

The bodice is given a cross-closure effect, so slimming, through a neat inset vest, that scallops its outer edge. The skirt has two little plaits at either side of the center-front, creating a center panel to give the figure height and grace.

It can be made with short or long sleeves, just as you please about it. It's very smart in printed crepe silk with plain contrast.

There are many rayon novelties smart to fashion it for home wear. Sheer woollens are also suitable. Style No. 942 is designed for sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 inches bust. Size 36 requires 4½ yards of 36-inch material with ¼ yard of 30-inch contrasting.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (cash is preferred). Wrap coupon carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Was Famous Restaurant

Place Patronized by King Edward To Be Auctioneered

Romano's Restaurant in the Strand, London, England, the center of London's gayest life in "the naughty nineties," will be sold at auction soon. The restaurant was established 70 years ago as a fried fish shop, but its prominence did not come until D'Oyly Carte, producer of Gilbert and Sullivan operas, discovered "the best macaroni in town" could be had there. It was rebuilt after a fire in 1894 and soon artists, literary men and even King Edward VIII. became its patrons.



SON (to father, who has been studying his pass-book): "Why do they call your bank book a 'Pass-book' Dad?"
FATHER (a bridge addict): "Because it's too weak to make a call on."
The Humorist, London, England.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

MAY 8

ESAU SELLS HIS BIRTHRIGHT

Golden Text: "Every man that striveth in the games excedeth himself in all things."—1 Corinthians 9, 25.

Lesson: Genesis 25:27-34.

Devotional Reading: Hebrews 12, 14-17.

Explanations and Comments.

Isaac's Sons Contrasted, verses 27, 28.—Esau and Jacob, twin sons of Isaac and Rebekah, were wholly different in appearance and character. Esau, the first-born, was rough and hairy; he loved the outdoor life, and was a skillful hunter. He was the favorite of his father, who, as is often the case, preferred the son who was unalike to every way. Jacob was smooth-faced, and handsome, a quiet stay-at-home, and he was the favorite of his mother. From these statements of parental favoritism any one could foretell future trouble.

Jacob's Craftiness, verses 29-31.—One day Jacob boiled some pottage: a dish made of lentils or small beans and is to this day much liked in Syria; and when Esau came in from the field weary and faint, he asked Jacob for it. Notice that the word "pottage" in Esau's request is in italics in our text, showing that it is supplied from the context and is lacking in the Hebrew. Literally, the translation is "Feed me with the red," and it strikingly shows Esau's hunger and impatient eagerness for the savory dish. Therefore was his name called Edom, we are told. Edom means "Red." Esau had red hair and complexion, and it was red pottage for which he sold his birthright: all these things combined to give him this name. He is the reputed ancestor of the Edomites.

"Soll me first thy birthright," was Jacob's answer to Esau. By the birthright he meant the rights and privileges of the first-born which, in effect, at least, included succession to the father as head of the family, who exercised a kind of priesthood, and a double portion of the father's property (Deuteronomy 21:17). The birthright was given to Esau, the first-born son. It included the covenant blessing first given to Abraham the inheritance of a great posterity, and the special blessing of Jehovah. Esau, in his exhaustion and hunger, had taken a mean advantage of birthright as Esau's answer to Jacob. Esau cared only for the gratification of the present moment. Enjoy the present and let the future take care of itself, was his rule of life.

"And all the craft and duplicity of Jacob's nature, there was immensity of capacity for religious fervor and religious faith. He could draw aside the veil of the unseen and weigh its promises, and compare its treasures with the treasures of earth. He could dream angel-bands drew him up, threw a mystic ladder over the abyss of space, linking all worlds. And while Esau was occupied with pleasure, Jacob could feel within him the strange stirrings of a nature which could not be satisfied with anything within the narrow limits of his tent; which yearned for that spiritual heritage which summed in the word 'birthright.'—F. B. Meyer.

Esau's Folly, verses 32-34.—"I am tired to death," is an expression we often hear and Esau gave utterance to the same feeling with the same amount of meaning. "Behold, I am about to die," he exclaimed, "and what profit shall the birthright do me?" What did he care about something of use only in the distant future? All he cared for now was the satisfying of his present hunger.

"We barter life for pottage! sell true bliss."

For wealth, or power, for pleasure or renown? Thus, Esau-like, our Father's blessings miss, Then wash with fruitless tears our faded crown."—(Kehle).

It Takes No Extra Time

To say "thank you."

To think kindly of your associates.

To be orderly and neat.

To hold your tongue.

To smile when you meet your friends.

To take orders from superiors cheerfully.

To thank God for each day's blessings.

Four hundred plants have been found that eat insects.

The Fanning Mill

Valuable Information Regarding Its Use and Operation (By H. G. L. Strange)

Seed drill surveys that have been made by the Dominion Seed Branch show without a doubt that a vast amount of weed seeds and other impurities are seeded into the ground each year with seed grain. Investigation further shows that most of this grain had been cleaned through fanning mills. The reason for these impurities being present in the seed is unquestionably due to the fact that it is very difficult to clean grain properly with the average fanning mill.

Based on the experience of many years of cleaning Registered Seed to the high standard of perfection required by the Seeds Act, the writer has worked out a method of cleaning seed with a simple fanning mill that will be found to be simple and effective.

In the first place only two screens are really needed for a fanning mill—a top-screen that will scalp off large grains, pieces of straw and parts of unthreshed heads, and a smaller screen underneath that will allow the weed seeds, small cracked grains, etc., to pass through, leaving one-top of the bottom screen only the large plump kernels required for seed. A fanning mill, using two good screens as described, will do just as good work as will those fitted with banks of screens—perhaps better.

Some of the large kernels, however, will be light, so that a strong air blast is necessary to blow them out. The mill should be turned at such a speed that will produce such a blast of air as will blow out at least 10 per cent. of the grain, then it is certain that all light kernels are being separated.

If a fanning mill would continue to operate in this manner no weed seeds or other impurities would be present in the final cleaned seed. Unfortunately, the average fanning mill will not continue to work in this fashion for more than a few moments, the reason being that the screen, both top and bottom, particularly the bottom screen, very quickly plug up with small kernels, and so allow the weed seeds and impurities to pass over with the good grain.

Some fanning mills are fitted with devices that keep the screen clean, such as tapping hammers or traveling brushes. These devices, however, are very expensive and very few can afford them. A fanning mill without these extras can be made to do good work providing the operator will stop the machine at least every five minutes, remove the screens and clean them with a stiff brush. If this is not done it is quite certain that most of the work of fanning grain will be wasted and that the seed will contain many weeds and other impurities.

Besides cleaning the screens frequently it is, of course, necessary to see that the grain is fed very slowly and evenly on to the screens and that the machine is also turned evenly, but fast enough to produce, as mentioned above, a strong blast of air.

All grain should be put at least twice through the fanning mill in this manner, feeding slowly each time. It is the writer's experience that the capacity of most fanning mills is estimated by the manufacturers on a basis of grain cleaning for market rather than for seed cleaning. Most machines, for instance, that are listed at 25 bushels an hour, will do a good job of cleaning about eight bushels per hour only, and if more is forced through it is at the expense of good work. The machine of course must be set level and should be spliced or fastened solidly to a good stout floor and facilities should be provided to see that there is no chance scalplings or screenings from either the screens or the wind becoming mixed with the good cleaned seed.

Fanning mills with screens only in width of kernel. To separate kernels of different lengths, that is to say, wheat from oats, etc., it is necessary to use what is called an indentation machine such as a Carter Disc or an indent cylinder. The most perfect job of seed cleaning is offered by travelling or stationary plants in which the grain is first passed through a good fanning mill with a strong blast of air, then through either an indent cylinder or a Carter Disc. The average fanning mill, using screens alone will not separate wheat from oats or vice versa.

Radio On the Desert

Camel passengers crossing the Arabian desert may listen to radio selections from the radio strapped on the backs of "ships of the desert." The camels are reported from Aden as bearing up well, even though loudspeakers are being placed near wells at regular stopping places.

"YES, I AM 40 YEARS OLD!" says Irene Rich



"YES, I am 40 years old. I don't mind confessing it a bit," says Irene Rich, "and I have two grown daughters of whom I am very proud. A screen star never worries about birthday, you know."

But in her second, they guard complexion beauty above all else. They know it says youth quicker than anything else.

How does this lovely star guard complexion beauty? Just as so many other Hollywood actresses do—686 of the 694 important ones! "I have used Lux Toilet Soap regularly for years," she says, "and am very grateful for it."

Surely you will want to try this fragrant, white soap. The cures of dollar-a-scale French soap for life!



IRENE RICH and her two daughters (left Irene Rich, and her two-year-old daughter in background). From left to right: Irene Rich, Irene Rich, Irene Rich's recent photograph.

Salada Reduces Tea Prices

Salada Tea Company Makes Important Announcement

An announcement of a price reduction has just been made by Salada Tea Company of Canada, Limited, amounting to 10 cents a pound. Mr. A. M. Wilson, manager of the Company, who has been in Winnipeg for the past few days conferring with Mr. R. M. Gibson of Messrs. Gibson, Paterson, Limited, the Company's western representatives, has this comment to make on the new prices announced by his Company:

"Teas are cheaper in the primary markets in London, England; Colombo, Ceylon, and Calcutta, India, although best quality teas have not declined in price to nearly the same extent as the lower grades. Nevertheless, the Salada Company, while rigidly maintaining the quality of its product, has reduced prices twice within the last two years, so that today the consumer is paying 25 per cent. less than the well-known product than he did in 1920. The price reduction has been contemplated for several weeks, but was postponed until after the announcement of the Dominion budget proposals in the House of Commons. (For merchants expected a further tax on tea, but as there was no additional import announced, they were able to make a downward revision of 10 cents on the pound, or 5 cents on the half-pound.)"

Device Would Be Welcomed

Maintains Even Temperature and Eliminates Dust On Trains

The Chesapeake and Ohio railroad recently announced inauguration of a new fast passenger train, the George Washington, on which every coach and pullman will be fitted with an elaborate air conditioning apparatus. Even temperatures will be maintained constantly, dust will be eliminated, and the passengers will be kept comfortably cool in summer.

That such devices will become common equipment on all crack passenger trains in due time seems probable. That they will, in addition, enter into general use in homes and apartments, is also probable.



"How do I get to the market?" "Follow the road that is up, turn to the left at the third rail boiler, leave the expanded gas pipes on the right, and, when you see the place where the trainlines are up, that is the market."—Lustige Kolner Zeitung, Cologne.

DOMINION WILL CONTINUE TO AID IN DIRECT RELIEF

Ottawa, Ont.—The premiers of the various provinces were most emphatic in their expressions of opinion at the Dominion-provincial unemployment conference that no good purpose could be served by setting out an amount of money in the bill to deal with unemployment and farm relief. Prime Minister R. B. Bennett, and Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Labor, so informed the House of Commons when a resolution on relief after May 1 was before the chamber.

"The provinces have had a very difficult experience, especially the newer provinces," Mr. Bennett said, "with a scattered population and large areas, and they felt that it was undesirable to place in a measure of this kind a sum that might be available for the purposes indicated in the resolution."

A measure predicated upon the general view at the discussion will be drafted and introduced in the Commons shortly, Mr. Bennett said. In the meantime, a resolution has been submitted authorizing the Dominion to enter into agreements for relief with the provinces, and pay whatever sums it may be necessary for the Dominion to expend. Power is also contained in the resolution to make advances to the provinces. Authority to pay sums for special requirements in the national parks, in the drought-stricken areas of Saskatchewan, for assistance in defraying the cost of the sale and distribution of products of the field, farm, sea, river and mine are also set out. Further power of a similar nature is included.

The Dominion will continue to assist in direct relief. The provinces had indicated they could not continue for financial reasons on the construction programme to provide relief works. But, the committee was told, works now under way which could not be abandoned without loss would be continued to completion. No Dominion public works will be constructed this year except those authorized in the estimates passed by parliament.

To date, Mr. Gordon declared, \$150,000,000 had been spent on public works by way of indirect relief since the fall of 1930. Of the amount the Dominion had contributed \$48,000,000; and the provinces and the municipalities slightly over \$100,000,000.

By way of "direct" relief, the Dominion in the same period had spent \$12,000,000, exclusive of advances made to the Saskatchewan relief commission.

Total loans and advances made to the provinces since the fall of 1930 amounted to \$43,418,499.87.

The provinces of western Canada believed, said the Prime Minister, that they would be in a position to meet their ordinary expenditure this year. They hoped to do this by the imposition of taxes and the cutting of expenditure. But, whatever developed, the credit of the Dominion must be sustained by sustaining the credit of the provinces.

In certain provinces, continued the Prime Minister, it was argued that the burden of taxation was now almost intolerable. He illustrated the situation by stating that the income tax was now imposed by three separate institutions—provincial, Dominion and municipal governments. It had been suggested that the income tax field might well be divided, and that the provinces should be left that portion having to do with private incomes, while the Dominion collected from corporations.

Montreal To Havana Flight

U.S. Flyer Makes Non-Stop Test Trip In Nine Hours

Havana, Cuba.—Lou Reichers, United States flyer, landed here at the end of a non-stop flight from Montreal, made to test the aeroplane in which he intends to attempt a trans-Atlantic flight this summer.

He made the trip in nine hours three minutes, after leaving St. Hubert airport at Montreal.

Reichers had explained that the length of the Montreal-Havana flight—1,786 miles—was approximately the same distance he would have to fly over water from Harbor Grace, Newfoundland, to Ireland in the two-stop flight he plans to make to Paris in the summer.

The fuel tanks of his low wing Lockheed Altair monoplane carried 470 gallons of gasoline when he left Montreal.

W. N. U. 1940

Hop To Australia

C. W. Scott, British Flyer, Makes Journey In Less Than Nine Days

Port Darwin, Australia.—C. W. Scott, British flyer, landed his aeroplane here after a flight from Lymington, England, beating the former record for an air trip between the two countries by seven hours and 36 minutes.

Scott's time for the 13,188 miles was eight days, 13 hours and 53 minutes, and regained for him the record he lost last year when C. A. Butler made the flight in nine days, two hours and 29 minutes, one hour and 42 minutes faster than Scott's previous time.

The flyer took off from Lymington at 5 o'clock on the morning of April 19, and flew by way of Brindisi, Italy, across Persia and India to Sourabaya, Java.

Tour Western Canada

Governor-General and Lady Beesborough Plan Western Trip In August

Ottawa, Ont.—Circumstances permitting, Their Excellencies, the Governor-General and Lady Beesborough will leave Ottawa in the middle of August for a tour of western Canada.

Lady Beesborough, who has been visiting overseas, will sail from England for Canada on Saturday, April 30, arriving back in the capital about May 9.

Ottawa, Ont.—Decision of the Federal Government to supply a portion of relief expenditures now being used in supporting unemployed families in enabling such families to gain a subsistence on the land was announced by Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Labor, subject to equal contributions by the province and the municipality concerned. It is proposed to assist families, physically fit and otherwise qualified to undertake settlement, to put themselves on the self-supporting basis. The joint contribution will be sufficient to cover the cost of modest establishment in the way of livestock and equipment in addition to necessary subsistence while the families are getting a start.

"This is in no sense a government-aided land settlement scheme," said Mr. Gordon, "but an application of relief expenditure to enable families receiving relief to contribute to their own maintenance by labor on the land, where they may eventually establish themselves on a self-supporting basis."

Administration of the scheme will be under provincial jurisdiction with respect to the selection of families, location of suitable farms and settlement of families thereon. While responsibility for administration will rest upon the provinces it is intended that advisory committees, consisting of representatives of province, municipality, federal land settlement branch, Canadian Pacific and Canadian National Railways, will co-operate.

Adoption of the scheme in any locality will be dependent upon the approval and co-operation of the province and municipality concerned.

Aviator Says Eskimos In Alaska Suffering

Many In Villages Destroyed By Tidal Wave Without Food

Fairbanks, Alaska.—A picture of human misery "so dire as to be almost unbelievable," was drawn by Pilot Art Woodley, upon his return here from a flight over the country between the mouth of the Yukon River and the Hooper Bay region.

The region was struck by a tidal wave last December and several native villages destroyed. Woodley was accompanied on his trip by the Very Rev. Francis Menager, superior of Jesuit Missions in Alaska.

Several hundred Eskimos in a number of the villages visited, Woodley and Father Menager said, were virtually without food. The ice cakes, which rode on the tidal wave, were carried inland as far as 20 miles, they said, and destroyed the Eskimos' winter supply of fish.

Missionaries have given aid, but their resources were reported by Father Menager to be limited. Sickness is growing among the natives and there is a fear of floods as a result of the melting of heavy snows.

Reward Is Offered

E.C. Government Making Determined Efforts To Discover Bombers

Victoria, B.C.—Determined efforts to identify miscreants responsible for a long series of bombings of school buildings and other structures, and tampering with railway tracks in the interior of British Columbia, have been launched by the government with the announcement of a reward of \$2,000 for information leading to the discovery and arrest of those responsible for sabotage in the Doukhobor areas.

R. H. Pooley, Attorney-General, made the announcement following special efforts to trace those responsible for attempted train wrecking and bombings. In addition to the usual police stationed in the Doukhobor districts, 16 special constables have been sworn in under an intensive system of patrols. Guards have been stationed on public buildings.

Premier S. F. Tolmie announced that negotiations were being conducted with the federal authorities in connection with protection of public property on the main transportation system of the province.

Effect Economies

Directors Of C.N.R. Have Worked Hard In This Direction

Ottawa, Ont.—The directors of the Canadian National Railways worked hard in the interests of the system, W. A. Boys, K.C., a member of the C.N.R. board told the House of Commons committee on railways and shipping here. Many economies have been effected, and the personnel of the board had at heart the success of the railways. Mr. Boys cited the report of the sub-committee, of which he was chairman, as indicating the extent to which expenditures had been reduced.

Regina Man Selected

Ottawa, Ont.—F. W. Turnbull, K.C. member for Regina, had been selected as secretary of the Canadian delegation to the Empire Parliamentary Association Conference to be held at Bermuda. The delegation went via New York and will return May 11.

OPENING OF NAVIGATION



Captain F. J. Davis on the deck of his ship, the C. P. Steamship "Kewatin," when he received the ceremonial "topper" for being the first skipper to bring his vessel into Port William when navigation opened on the Great Lakes this season. The lucky captain is seen being congratulated by G. R. Duncan, president of the Port William Chamber of Commerce, who also presented him with an illuminated address.

WINS BY ELECTION



Arthur Greenwood, former Minister of Health in the British Labor Government, who was victorious in the Wakefield by-election when he defeated Ernest Graves, Conservative. The vote was Greenwood, 13,588, Graves, 13,242.

New Trade Treaty

Canada-New Zealand Agreement May Increase Our Exports To Antipodes

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada receives the full British preferential tariff on all exports to New Zealand, with the exception of six items, under the Canada-New Zealand trade agreement made public in the House of Commons by Hon. H. E. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce. The pact is for one year—by reason of the coming Imperial Economic Conference—and will come into effect by proclamation following parliamentary approval by the sister Dominion.

The potential normal market in New Zealand is \$200,000,000 annually. Canada's normal yearly share in this Antipodean market has been \$19,000,000 approximately, although in 1930 exports to New Zealand showed a value of \$15,000,000. Mr. Stevens expressed the highest hope of increasing very considerably Canadian exports to the Antipodes.

Praise For the British

U.S. Trade Commission Says End Of Depression In Sight In England

Windsor, Ont.—"It isn't the bank—it's true. England is back on her feet," said Robert J. Eustace, industrial and foreign trade commissioner of the Toledo Chamber of Commerce during the course of an address to the Border Cities Kiwanis Club. "It would do the United States business man a world of good to see the spirit in England," the speaker continued. He praised business psychology, statecraft and the poise of the British people. Mr. Eustace recently returned from a trip to the British Isles and to Europe.

It appeared to the speaker that the end of the depression had been reached in England and that recovery would precede a similar situation in the United States.

Disagree On Submarines

Geneva, Switzerland.—Indictment of the submarine as the only offensive naval weapon by British and United States naval experts, met with sharp opposition from spokesmen for the smaller powers on the naval commission at the disarmament conference.

Bank Closing Not Intended

Premier Bracken Expected To Get Assistance From Government

Winnipeg, Man.—Premier John Bracken told the Manitoba Legislature's committee inquiring into closing of the Provincial Savings Office that he had never negotiated with Prime Minister R. B. Bennett with a view to closing the office. He had hoped to get financial aid from the Dominion Government with which to meet heavy withdrawals but was turned down, he said, and only then was closing of the institution considered.

The Savings Office was closed in February after the federal government and banks had refused to grant Manitoba a loan which would have permitted continuance of business, remarked the premier.

Banning Use Of Highways

Government Of Alberta Saved \$500,000 By Protecting Gravelled Roads

Edmonton, Alberta.—The Government of Alberta saved \$500,000 through banning the use of certain highways owing to recent heavy snowfalls and rains, said Premier J. E. Brownlee, Wednesday, April 27. Mr. Brownlee was referring to protests of Edmonton transport companies who claimed the ban prevented them from doing business.

If heavy trucks or buses had been allowed on the highways during the excessive snow and rain, the highways would have been seriously damaged and the cost of repair would have been nearly half a million, said Mr. Brownlee.

A Troublesome Side Line

Sir Henry Thornton Wishes C.N.R. Did Not Own Any Hotels

Ottawa, Ont.—"I would be delighted if we did not own hotels anywhere. They give me more trouble than all the rest of the railways put together," Sir Henry Thornton, president of the Canadian National Railways, told the House of Commons committee on railways and shipping here Wednesday, April 27. Many of these had been in existence before he became president of the system, while others had been built in order to equalize competition with the Canadian Pacific.

VALERA POLICY IS TO REMAIN WITHIN EMPIRE

Dublin, Irish Free State.—President Eamon de Valera, during debate in the Dail Eireann on his bill to abolish the oath of allegiance to the British crown, made it clear his intention was to get rid of the oath without withdrawing the Irish Free State from the British Commonwealth of Nations.

As a prelude to the president's motion for second reading of the bill, the government was unexpectedly defeated on a side issue connected with the problem of unemployment. The vote, 76 to 66, brought shouts of "Re-sign!" from the opposition benches, but Mr. de Valera ignored them, and went on to the debate on the oath.

In quiet, unopposed sessions, he made this assertion: "We propose to honor scrupulously the pledge we gave the electors, we hold there is no obligation on us to consult the British Government with respect to the action we are taking. Deletion of the oath is quite consistent with the position of the Free State as one of the co-equal partners in the British Commonwealth."

Turning to the proposal to delete the section of the constitution which makes that constitution subject to terms of the Anglo-Irish treaty, a provision which the bill also seeks to remove, the president said his purpose was to put the treaty in the same position as other countries put their treaties.

It should not be possible, he maintained, for the courts to say municipal law was subject to the terms of the treaty.

Mr. de Valera's pronouncement brought former Premier William T. Cosgrave to his feet to attack the bill as "the greatest piece of political chicanery in history." Its very simplicity, he said, was its own condemnation.

"One clause of the treaty is as binding as any other," Mr. Cosgrave declared. "Destroy one and you destroy all."

The bill, he contended, was a breach of the treaty, and the only way to alter that document was by mutual agreement between the Free State and Great Britain.

THE BANK ACT AND ADVANCES TO PROVINCES

Ottawa, Ont.—The Dominion Government does not contemplate amending the Bank Act and the Finance Act to enable a province to establish a provincial bank and to enable the Minister of Finance to make advances of currency to a province for such purpose upon the security pledge. Premier R. B. Bennett gave this answer in the House of Commons, Thursday, April 28, to J. S. Woodsworth (Lab., Winnipeg North Centre), who brought up a resolution passed by the Manitoba legislature two weeks ago containing this proposal.

"First," said Mr. Bennett, "banks and banking under our constitution are solely within the jurisdiction of this parliament, to the exclusion of provincial power; secondly, if the province of Manitoba desires to establish a bank it can, under the provisions of the Bank Act, incorporate a bank in this parliament, or direct that it be done, and establish such a bank in the manner described by the Bank Act; and, thirdly, this parliament could not confer power except by an amendment to the constitution itself, if by the resolution in question it is intended that we should confer upon a province power which the British North American Act declares belongs exclusively to the Dominion and which the Dominion cannot by mere legislation pass on to the province."

The Prime Minister declared he had received a copy of the resolution, transmitted through official sources. "The answer which I have roughly drafted," he said, "and which will be forwarded, is the answer which I have now given."

Mr. Woodsworth asked "whether it would not be possible without any violation of the constitution, that the provinces should be given the same right under the Finance Act that is now possessed by the banks?"

"No, because they are not capable of supplying the security under which that power is exercised," Premier Bennett answered. "I will give the hon. gentleman a concrete case. The banks are now overvalued with the security of the Finance Act which he refers, and under the provisions of the Finance Act they could only grant the banks a limited amount on the deposit of these securities; and the treasury would have to fix the extent to which the advances could be made from time to time, having regard to the solvency and credit conditions that obtain in the province in question. I think the hon. gentleman will realize that if the power he mentions were exercised, the whole financial structure would be destroyed overnight."

Expresses Sympathy

Prince Of Wales Is Moved By Plight Of Unemployed

Newcastle, England.—The Prince of Wales expressed sympathy for the workless and made a plea to social workers for voluntary personal service to better what he termed "deplorable conditions" during a tour of this distressed industrial district of England.

Moved by the plight of the unemployed, he made a little impromptu speech of sympathy to 300 of the jobless at an unemployment centre at South Shields.

"Let me wish you the best of luck," he said. "My sympathy is with you all. I sincerely hope the employment that used to be here will come back and hard times will not continue very much longer."

The uncheduled speech surprised and pleased the hearers, who acknowledged it with cheers.

Jury Was Lenient

Did Not Blame Accused For Kissing Pretty Girl

Warren, Ont.—Lips of Warren maidens are so alluring that man can't be blamed for trying to kiss them, a jury of five Warren burgesses decided in Judge Edmund Froule's division court. Papa Honore Dahlsen sued neighbor Groulx Orla for trying to kiss his daughter, Elizabeth, but the jury took a look at Elizabeth and decided that was a weak and Orla was not to blame.

Though the case was a civil action for \$100, the jury brought in a verdict of "not guilty."

"Not guilty of what?" demanded Judge Froule. "Not guilty of anything," the jury replied.

The Canadian Cattle Trade

Marked Revival in Trade With Great Britain Is Noted

Canada last year shipped about 26,000 head of cattle to the British market in a revival of a trade that many years ago ran into even greater proportions and then dropped off entirely. The excellent health of Canada in cattle voiced before the meat traders in England substantiates the claim made in this country all along. The feeling here is that the trade in the United Kingdom has gradually been coming to realize that the restrictions placed on Canadian cattle are unfair. One restriction is that cattle for shipment to Britain must be quarantined for three days before going on the ship. This may seem trivial but it adds to the cost as do various markings which must be put on the cattle.

Cattle are shipped from Canada as fat or store cattle. The cattle are slaughtered soon after they reach Birkenhead or Glasgow. The store cattle are inspected by a representative of the British ministry of agriculture who decides which cattle are "near fat" and which are store. The "near fat" and the store usually are both moved to other points under license for sale to farmers who desire to finish them.

The store have then to be held for six days before going to the farms and the "near fat" for 28 days before going to farms. In the case of the "near fat" cattle this restriction makes it almost imperative that they be killed at once whether they are ready or not as the long hold would be too expensive.

The Irish Free State cattle meet no such restrictions. The result is that Canadian shippers often do not find it advantageous to ship store cattle to Britain and the bulk of the shipments are confined to fat cattle. It is contended that Canada could supply considerable numbers of store cattle which the British farmer could fatten advantageously to all concerned if the restrictions were removed.

Fox Farm Not Farm In Eyes Of Law

Judgment Confirms Assessment Put On Property In Quebec

A fox farm is not a farm in the eyes of the law as far as the tax assessor is concerned, Mr. Justice Stuckehouse decided in Superior Court at Montreal. The judgment confirmed the assessment placed by the town of Laval Des Rapides on property of the Laval Des Rapides Fox Farms.

Prior to 1931 the assessors had assessed the property at \$2,500 as farm lands under cultivation, but in that year a change was made and the property was dropped from the "farm" category and the assessment was increased to \$15,481. The action is now confirmed by the court.

His lordship pointed out that the law relating to taxation of farm lands requires that the land should "be under cultivation or farmed by a bona fide farmer or market gardener who lives upon the produce thereof."

Facing a Crisis

Complete Lack Of Demand For Diamonds Creates Bad Situation For Dealers

The diamond kings of the world are facing a crisis caused by the almost complete lack of demand for their wares.

More than \$8,000,000 worth of diamonds for which no customer can be found lie in the vaults of the diamond merchants of London, England.

If they were dumped on the market to fetch the best price obtainable the slump in the prices would ruin every jeweler in the world.

Sales of diamonds throughout the world in 1931 were smaller than in any year since the war.

The normal demand is \$12,000,000 worth. Last year fewer than \$2,000,000 worth were sold.



"Wouldn't you love to have been born in Paris?"

"Not at all. I can't speak a word of French."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1940

NOTES ON GARDENING

Use Of Plenty Of Mulch, Will Save A Lot Of Hoeding

Cultivation is saved by the use of a mulch of specially prepared paper, chopped straw, lawn clippings or leaves. This is particularly valuable among tomatoes, head lettuce, cabbage and melons in the vegetable garden, and with roses and other flowers. With soil so protected the gardener may go away with no worry about drying out. The paper which is now quite favorably recommended by gardening experts is fastened to the ground by staples made of ordinary wire.

All the regular climbers can be used for screens to hide objectionable fences, views and garages, if provided with support in the form of a trellis or a wall. In addition to these, we can also use upright material. Evergreens will give us a permanent screen regardless of the season, or we can plant any of the well known shrubs which come all the way from a foot high to twice the height of a man. These, of course, are deciduous, although even in the winter their berries and branches will afford both variety and a fair screen. Shrubbery and evergreens also possess the very important advantage of providing a safe sanctuary for our beautiful and useful song birds. Of annual material we have an extensive list at our disposal. In addition to the annual shrubs which come all the way from a foot high to twice the height of a man. These, of course, are deciduous, although even in the winter their berries and branches will afford both variety and a fair screen. Shrubbery and evergreens also possess the very important advantage of providing a safe sanctuary for our beautiful and useful song birds. Of annual material we have an extensive list at our disposal.

The latter while tall is not particularly branching, but on account of its evening fragrance is recommended for planting amongst other tall, annual specimens in the larger places. The equipment required in gardening is inexpensive. A great deal can be done with a hoe and rake, though easier and better results are secured where one provides himself with a little more generous support. Of course in the larger places a great deal of the preliminary, and incidentally the most fatiguing, work can be done by the horse or a small garden tractor. The seed bed can be plowed and cultivated and generally put in a fine state of till which is so important. A good seed bed, by the way, is half the battle as it assures even and quick germination, destroys most of the weeds and conserves moisture. If no horse or tractor is available a spade will have to be used and this tool, like most of the others, will greatly benefit from a trip to the grindstone. If one hoe only is to be used, a fairly narrow one is advised, as this will facilitate the work of weeding, thinning and close cultivating. A rake is also essential for covering the seed. It is a good plan to nick off twelve, fifteen and eighteen inch lengths on the handles of the hoe and rake for measuring distances between rows. A ball of stout string and a dozen or two stakes for marking will be invaluable. Digging forks are also advisable for early working and they will also come in handy when the potato crop is to be harvested. Lawn mowers will require a small trowel, clippers and a lawn mower. A small weeder, shaped like the hand, with claws or cultivator attached will save much work in the flower garden, while the writer can also recommend from personal experience one of those hand cultivators about twelve inches wide with three to five removable teeth for general work in the place of a hoe or regular horse or tractor-drawn cultivator.

Anglo-Russian Trade Agreement

British Government Considering The Matter Of Cancelling The Pact

The British Government is considering the possibility of cancelling the Anglo-Russian trade agreement with a view to a more equal distribution of trade between Russia and Great Britain. Walter Runciman, president of the Board of Trade, declared in the House of Commons.

The minister said the government had been impressed by the fact there was a large preponderance of sales of Russian products in Great Britain in return for comparatively small purchases of British goods by the Soviet.

Ice Breaker For H.B. Route

The government icebreaker N. B. McLean will make another trip into Hudson Bay waters this summer under the direction of the Department of Marine.

The vessel will probably leave Quebec early in June with a party of engineers and nautical experts who will complete the work of marking and charting the waters and facilitate navigation along that route.

Indians Make Progress

One of the striking examples of the progress of the Indians on reserves in Western Canada towards a position of self-support and independence in the strides made in the improvement of housing conditions. During the past few years, according to a recent report of the Department of Indian Affairs, over 2,000 new houses have been erected on the various reserves, 200 being built during the year 1931. Plans for a larger number of houses to be constructed during the present year are being made by officers of the Department in the field.

The houses built by the Indians are of substantial materials. As a rule good-sized logs are used, set up on concrete foundations. Each house has two doors, five windows, and very often an upper floor. They are whitewashed every spring and fall and are a vast improvement over the mud-plastered dwellings previously built by the Indians. In the matter of furnishings the interiors of most of the Indian dwellings of today are a pleasing surprise. Considerable sums are spent annually by the Indians in the beautification of their homes, securing the added comfort such adornment brings.

As it is to be expected the change in the home surroundings has had its beneficial effect on the health of the Government's wards. During 1931 there was a noticeable improvement in health conditions on western reserves, there being only two outbreaks of disease during the year.

To Converse Well

One Must Study People, Listen, Observe, and Read

We do much talking. Some of this talking is profitable. Some is not. Have your mind close attention to the things that are said at the average society reception or miscellaneous church-gatherings? asks a current writer. The effort seems to be simply to fill up the time and in some way or other to prevent the awkward pauses. These people degenerate into mere talking machines. They run until they run down. To talk well one must first think well. One cannot say what one does not know. If knowledge is superficial, one will talk superficially. We should study books. We should study people. Listen. Observe. Read. Think. Anyone who will do these things will soon be furnished with themes for conversation and will be able to give an intelligent opinion on questions that come up for discussion.

Hay Sent By Post

Ton Shipped In Parcels For Snow-bound Cattle

A ton of hay was mailed early in April by parcel post to feed dairy cattle in the snow-bound town of Silverton, Colo., which had been isolated since February 9.

A Durango firm was unable to ship the hay because the railroad was blocked by snow slides. So it was placed in bundles to conform with the maximum size and weight specified for parcel post and mailed. It required \$14 dollars worth of stamps. The hay was transported by pack mule at a cost to the post office department of five cents a pound, said a report to the State Utilities Commission.

To Present Farmers' Views

Wheat Pool Wants Agricultural Interests Represented At Imperial Conference

Saskatchewan wheat pool directors are behind the plans for placing western agricultural views before the economic conference.

Full accord with these plans of the recently organized co-operative conference of Saskatchewan agricultural interests for the placing before the forthcoming conference at Ottawa, in July, the views of western agriculture, was expressed by the directorial meeting of the Saskatchewan wheat pool, held in Regina recently.

Representatives of various agricultural bodies throughout Saskatchewan, including the pools, the Saskatchewan Rural Municipalities Association and others met recently to discuss and formulate plans for drawing the attention of imperial statesmen to the interests of western agriculture. A committee was appointed to go further into the question and to make recommendations.

This committee was to secure further information with a view to holding a second conference of Saskatchewan interests.

The committee appointed has now suggested that joint action on the part of all agricultural bodies be taken in Alberta and Manitoba before this conference.

Wheat Surplus Is Small

Canada's Carry-Over Estimated As Smallest Since 1925

A survey of the wheat situation shows varying conditions but the bright spot for Canada is the estimate of a comparatively small carry-over with indications of favourable export trade for the balance of the present crop year ending July 31, 1932. Recent estimates place the probable carry-over at 104,000,000, the smallest since 1928 and about 30,000,000 bushels less than on July 31, 1931.

In a review of world conditions, the European market is described as "broader today than at any time during the present crop year." World import requirements for the balance of the crop year are placed at from 225,000,000 to 235,000,000. Under present conditions Canada and the United States will be called on to supply 150,000,000 bushels, probably about 75,000,000 from each country.

Russia's Grain Fields

More Crop Expected This Year Than Ever Before

More tractors and other agricultural machines are in the fields of Russia than ever before and on April 20, the sown area was double that on the same date last year.

The government's figures showed 18,106,760 acres had been sown on that date as compared with 9,297,600 at the same time in 1931. This year's planting programme calls for cultivation of 255,875,000 acres as compared with last year's 243,712,500.

"Don't you think she's ignorant?" "Ignorant? Why not? I've never met a woman who knew less about more things."

The Most Popular Fur

Silver Fox Comes First, With Muskrat Next In Importance

The fur most in demand among the women of Canada is the silver fox, according to the latest report on the fur production of Canada issued by the Canadian Government Bureau of Statistics. The total value of the raw fur production for the season ended June 30, 1931, was \$11,604,407, of which the value of silver fox pelts accounted for \$3,316,217. The number of silver fox pelts sold was 71,816 at an average price of \$44.78, the lowest recorded within recent years. Muskrat is next in importance to silver fox with an aggregate value of \$2,142,735, followed by white fox with \$1,609,099; mink with \$904,350, and beaver with \$740,268. Other kinds of furs having a production in the season under review valued at over \$100,000 were: red fox, ermine, marten, patch or cross fox, coyote, lynx, otter, badger, fisher or pekan, and skunk.

Ontario was first among the provinces in order of value of raw fur production, but there was a difference of only \$84,478 in value between it and the Province of Quebec. The North West Territories were third in order of value with a total of \$1,872,897, and Saskatchewan and Alberta came next, the former with \$1,182,718 and the latter with \$1,115,066.

There are 36 kinds of fur produced in Canada, which range from the aristocratic silver fox down to the more plebeian gopher and domestic cat. The report shows that 123 household cats' pelts found their way into the fur market in 1930-31. The total value was \$50, an average of about 29 cents each.

Furs in Canada are now cheaper than they have been for several years. As recently as three years ago the average price of a silver fox pelt was \$104. By the end of June last year the price had fallen to \$44.78. Muskrat skins declined from \$1.41 per pelt in June, 1929, to 81 cents in June, 1931. Reductions are in about the same proportion in all other pelts. Furs produced in Canada, principally due to climatic conditions being favourable to fur-bearing animals, are of notably high quality and are consequently in demand by other countries.

Farm Horse In Demand

Still Holding Its Place On The Farms Of Canada

The horse may be a "rare avia" on the streets of cities, but on the farms of Canada it is still holding its place in spite of the competition of this machine age. The official census taken in the Dominion in June last year shows that there are 8,126,058 horses on the 726,244 farms in Canada, or only 222,711 less than there were in June 1921. The ten year decrease represents 9.85 per cent. Agricultural authorities state that the farm horse is likely to be in greater demand for the next few years than it has been in the past decade.

In the ten year period under review cattle on Canadian farms have decreased from 3,369,536 to 7,990,947 or 4.52 per cent. Swine have increased 12.74 per cent; ewine, 41.89 per cent, and poultry 51.03 per cent.

Sugar imports into Manchuria are increasing.

Must Be Given A Fair Chance

Insurance and Rail Rates Determining Factor In Churchill Route

The Churchill route, if given a fair chance, will prove itself economically practical in a shorter period of years than did the St. Lawrence route, according to Lieut.-Colonel F. J. James, of Regina, vice-president of the "On-to-the-Bay Association."

Other points stressed by Colonel James in an interview were: Saskatchewan and the west generally has developed the northern route in the face of most difficult economic conditions, which should prompt even greater consideration to determining freight rates over the north route most advantageous to the west and the route itself.

A survey of grain men to determine the extent for likely patronage for the Bay line, was bound to reflect adversely on it, since all established handling facilities are along the great lakes. Rates over the Churchill rail and water line must be such as to warrant shipping giving it a thorough trial.

"I remember, years ago," said Col. James, "when shipping insurance companies imposed rates for the Montreal route much higher than the present ones. The route was proven practical from a safety standpoint."

"But how can the northern route be proven practical when shipping rates allowing for high insurance are so high, and the shipper must, in addition, allow for high rail rates, such as the railroads have intimated would be put into effect?"

Guarantee Wheat Prices

Implement Companies Have Plan For Sale Of Farm Machinery

Leading United States farm implement manufacturing companies plan to extend to Canadian farmers the same guarantee of wheat prices in connection with installment sales of their products as already apply to full payment of merchandise purchased this year by farmers of this country.

The offer to Canadian farmers will be announced early in May, it is learned.

Under the Canadian plan, as under the one already in effect in the U.S., implement manufacturers would guarantee certain prices for wheat and other farm products when used for purchasing farm machinery, tools etc. The arrangement it is believed, will recognize the spread in prices between American and Canadian farm products resulting from the tariffs. The probable guaranteed price for Canadian wheat will be 90 cents a bushel, against 70 cents for American wheat.

New Instrument For Symphony Orchestras

Carpenter's Saw Took Solo Place In Recent Concert

Add the lowly carpenter's saw to the list of symphony orchestral instruments. A vaudeville stage novelty, the saw took a solo place in a recent concert of the Cincinnati symphony orchestra. The player was Robert Alter, Cincinnati business man. He played composition written especially for his "instrument" by the solo violinist of the orchestra and the solo fiddler.

A Real Runner

The young athlete had been bragging about his powers as a runner to his country cousin.

Presently they came to a corner of the street and a sudden gust of wind whipped off her hat and carried it down the street. He, however, made no attempt to retrieve it.

"You are such a wonderful runner, and yet you cannot get my hat," said his cousin indignantly.

He gave a supercilious smile.

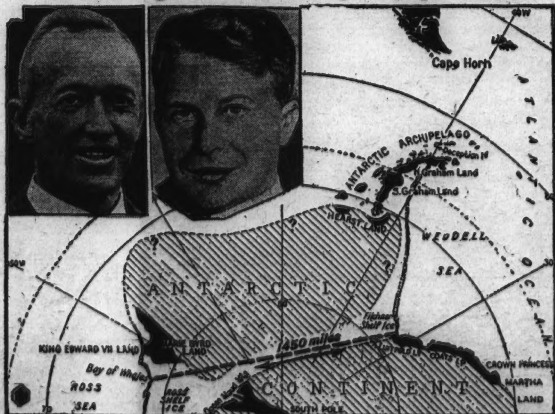
"Just you wait a moment," he said. "I must give it a hundred yards start before I chase it."



"It can't let you have three weeks' holiday now!"

"Then may I have an advance of salary so that I can send my wife away on a holiday? I must have a rest."—Karlström, Oslo.

Planning New Antarctic Expedition



Undertaking what Sir Ernest Shackleton called "the last great adventure in South Polar exploration," Lincoln Ellsworth (left inset), is planning a flight in the dirigible Norge over the great Antarctic continent in September, 1933. Bert Balchen (right inset), famous flier, who accompanied Rear Admiral Byrd to the South Pole, will pilot the expedition, which will establish its base at Framheim, on the Bay of Whales, not far from the bases of Amundsen and Byrd. It is planned to cover the 1,400 miles that separate the Ross Sea, on one side of the Antarctic, from the Weddell Sea, on the opposite side. The flight and return would be made in 29 days, a total distance of 2,900 miles. Black portion of the above map shows the known land. Shaded portion represents conjectured land.

Last week we made a mistake in putting the heading on the article written by Mrs. Fieldhouse, this should have read "Mrs. Fieldhouse Had Narrow Escape" as it was she who took the plunge off the tractor seat.

Farmers in the district have put to work a number of the unemployed who have loafed around town all winter, but there is still a number of them around who are looking for work and praying they won't find it.

Card of Thanks

Mrs. Landymore and family wish to thank all the friends and neighbors for expressions of sympathy and deeds of kindness during their recent bereavement.

NOTICE

We, the undersigned, will close our places of business at one o'clock p. m. on Wednesday of each week during the months of May, June, July and August.

(Signed) J. Sharp
M. J. Elliott
J. M. Williams

Proclamation

I hereby proclaim May 7th. to 14th. CLEAN-UP WEEK. Let all good citizens do their utmost to make Crossfield clean and worthy of its good reputation in the interests of health and fire protection.

Dated this 2nd. day of May, 1932.

J. M. WILLIAMS,
Mayor
Village of Crossfield

Enter the
\$3000.00
GOOD YEAR
PRIZE CONTEST
NOW!

Get your entry blank and directions from
Crossfield Garage
F. T. Baker

CROSSFIELD MEAT MARKET

Under New Management

Your patronage solicited.
Quality Meats and low prices.

We Have Bargains Every Day. Watch Our Bargain Counter.

Eggs and Hides
Highest Prices Paid

ALL MEAT at CITY PRICES

Crossfield Meat Market
Steve Klejko, Prop.
Phone 52 P. O. Box 201

Now Open for Business

IN THE
OLD JESSIMAN SHOP

General Blacksmithing
Horseshoeing and Woodwork
Done at Reasonable Prices.

Acetylene Welding a Specialty

Our Motto:
SERVICE and SATISFACTION

M. J. ELLIOTT

Gopher Poison Recipe

1. Mix thoroughly 1 ounce strychnine alkaloid (powdered) and two ounces baking soda.
2. Sift this into $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of thin, hot starch paste and stir to a creamy mass. The starch is made by dissolving one heaping spoonful of dry gloss starch in a little cold water, which is then added to $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of boiling water. Boil and stir constantly until a clear thin paste is formed.
3. Add a $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of heavy corn syrup and a teaspoonful of glycerine and stir thoroughly.
4. Add $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce saccharine and stir thoroughly.
5. Pour this poison solution over 15 quarts of clean oats and mix thoroughly so that each grain of oats is coated. Prepare it 24 to 48 hours before using.

For mixing small quantities an ordinary galvanized wash tub is convenient. For larger quantities a tight, smooth box may be used, and mixing done with a spade.

A teaspoonful of the poisoned oats should be placed near each ground squirrel hole on clean hard ground, letting it scatter slightly as it falls. (Placed in this way it will not endanger stock.) Do not put the poisoned grain on the loose dirt of the mound or into holes. Each quart of the poisoned grain is sufficient to treat 60 holes.

REX HOWERY

Funeral service for Rex Howery, Bottrell farmer, who died of pneumonia early Saturday, were held Monday afternoon at two o'clock from the United Church, Okotoks.

MADDEN

J. H. Harrison shipped out a carload of hogs on Wednesday.

Remember the Saturday night dance in Beaverdam Hall on Saturday, May 14. Dancing 9.00 to 12.00. Admission 25c.

Farmers are busy seeding in this district and the seed bed has never been better.

J. Fairbairn has moved his family into Madden.

The Baseball Situation

There is no talk as yet of a local baseball team but it is likely that Everett Bills will again dig out some kind of a club as soon as seeding is over.

Everett gave Crossfield some very interesting games of ball last year, and outside of the gate receipts not a cent was asked for or received from anyone.

You get another shot at the dollar you spend at home.

Local and General

The Village Council at their meeting on Monday night reduced the rent on vacant lots from \$5.00 to \$3.00 a lot. Here's a chance for the man with a family to put in a good garden and help keep the wolf from the door next winter.

Dear Reader—Did you get your membership ticket for the Board of Trade for 1932. Everyone, farmer and business man alike is sought to join this organization, to the end that some good can be accomplished for the whole district to the benefit of all concerned.

Percy Willis returned home on Saturday evening last from Turner Valley. We hear Percy is contemplating trying his luck up north in the Fort McMurray district.

The regular monthly meeting of the Floral U. F. W. A. will be held Wednesday, May 10th at 2.30 p. m. at the home of Mrs. Walt. Fred. Roll call: "Tribute to Mother."

Help bring back prosperity by spending your money at home.

FOR SALE—Buggy in good condition. Apply to
Thos. Fitzgerald, Phone 315

The Crossfield Chronicle

ESTABLISHED 1907
W. H. Miller, Manager and Editor
Published at Crossfield, Alberta
Subscription \$1.50 Per Year
U.S.A. Postage \$2.00
Local advertising

Monthly Contract 25c. per inch. All advertisements, changes of copy must be in hands of printer by noon on Tuesday or no change made or advertisements cancelled.

THURSDAY, MAY 5th., 1932

Local and General

Clean-up, paint-up, plant-up.

Mother's Day, Sunday, May 8th.

Mr. Laus is having the front and interior of his store painted.

Mayor Williams was a visitor in Calgary on Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. W. McCrory spent the week-end in Calgary.

Howard Halliday of Didabury was home for the week end.

Keep in mind the dance in East Community Hall on May 24th.

Miss Edith Seville was a week-end visitor in Calgary.

Mrs. Miles Fike was a Calgary visitor on Saturday.

A. J. Hunter left on Saturday to spend a few days at his home in Coroner.

Monday last being Arbor Day, the Bank of Commerce remained closed.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Fitzpatrick and daughters Margaret and Kathleen spent the holiday in Calgary.

Don't forget the Compo Leather Demonstration at Laus's Store on Saturday.

Now is the time to poison gophers, don't leave it for your neighbor to do. Get busy.

Special—Fancy boxed linen Stationery in different colors at 35c per box at the Chronicle office.

A special Mother's Day Service will be held in the United Church on Sunday evening, May 15th.

Radio owners have till June 1 to get their 1932 licenses.

Innisfail has organized an Accredited Poultry Breeders' Association.

Mel Patmore is putting in a drain 65 feet long at the end of which is a 6 foot hole to act as a cesspool.

You can shoe the whole family at the U. F. A. Store and do it for less than you can by sending to any mail order house.

Miss Ilean Monkman returned to Calgary on Monday after having spent the last three weeks with her aunt Mrs. J. R. Gilchrist.

Chas. Donald moved his family out West on Sunday last to the Bottrell district where he has opened up a blacksmith business.

Mrs. H. Young who has been visiting her daughter at Barons for the past two weeks returned home on Monday last.

Farmers have been working on the land steadily for the past week following the big storm. Conditions are ideal. Early sown wheat is up.

Glen Williams, C. H. McMillan, and Fred Patchell, local golfers, were practicing in Metheral's pasture on Monday evening.

Chris Amussen is helping to give old man D. Friesen a crack in the eye by donating some of his land to would-be gardeners for the purpose of planting potatoes.

The Tennis Club has greatly improved the appearance of their grounds by building a new fence and enlarging it several feet on the south end.

A meeting of the Crossfield Horsehoe Club will be held after seeding is over. The opening tournament will likely be held on May 24th. Full particulars later.

All the highways in the province are now open to motor traffic. The mud hole north of Airdrie has dried, and although the going is rough, the road is passable.

The Wednesday half-holiday went into effect this week and places of business were closed. Many of the townspeople spent the afternoon gardening, while several motored to Calgary.

LEYDEN & BRUCE

Funeral Directors
Private Ambulance in Connection
Phone M 9101
1707 Second Street West
W. H. Miller, Agent, Crossfield

DENTIST

Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,
218a, 5th Ave. W., opposite Palace Theatre, Calgary.

Mr. J. A. HARRY MILLICAN of the firm of Millikan & Millikan, Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries, 900 Lancaster Building, Calgary, will be at Tredaway & Springsteen's office, Crossfield on Saturday of each week for the general practice of the law.

MONEY TO LOAN PHONE 3

Dr. S. H. McClelland
Veterinary Surgeon
Honorary Graduate Ontario Veterinary College

Office—McClelland's Retail Drug Store, Phone 3 Crossfield

Council Meetings

The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Office of the Secretary Treasurer on the first Monday of each month commencing with February at the hour 8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council.
W. McCrory, Sec.-Treas.

Walter Major

Contractor and Builder
Estimates Given Plans Prepared
Alterations a Specialty.
Box 54 Crossfield

All Kinds of TINSMITHING WORK

Neatly, Cheaply and Efficiently

Repair Work will receive immediate attention.

J. L. McCrory

Crossfield Alberta

Classified Advertisements

FOR SALE—Brunswick Gramophone, cabinet style, with records. A bargain. Apply to
MRS. E. DEVINS,

FOR SALE—Good potatoes at 85c per 100 lbs. Apply to
Clarence Havens, Phone 115

FOR SALE—Quantity of 1930 Garnet Wheat. Apply to
Mrs. C. Cowling, Phone R508

FOR SALE—7 ft. International Duck-foot Cultivator; also a Gang Plow, both in good condition. Apply to
T. Tredaway, Crossfield.

Cockshutt Repairs
Anyone wanting repairs for Cockshutt implements call at the M. J. Elliott, blacksmith shop.
T. Tredaway, Cockshutt Dealer

MADDEN
Blacksmith Shop
On and after April 15th. the following prices will be charged:

Sharpen Shares 25c
Point and Sharpen 1.00
Laying heel and sharpen 75c
General Repairing and Wagon Work a Specialty.
Prices Right.

J. FAIRBAIRN : Madden

Sid Jones
HARNESS MAKER
Shoes and Harness Repaired.
FOR CASH

Trca Building Crossfield

Canadian Legion B.E.S.L.
Crossfield Branch
Meets on the last Saturday of each month in the Fire Hall at 8 p.m.
Visiting Comrades Welcome.
A. MONTGOMERY J. CROCKER
President Secretary

H. J. JOHNSON
AUCTIONEER
25 Years' Experience.
BALZAC ALBERTA
Dates can be arranged with T. Tredaway, Phone 25 Crossfield.

J. M. JOHNSTON

General Blacksmith
Carstairs, Alberta :

NEW LOW PRICES :

Sharpening Share and Polishing 25c
Point and Sharpen Share 75c
Disc Sharpening, each 14c

No Specialty but all Work Guaranteed.

"LIVE AND LET LIVE PRICES"

J. M. JOHNSTON

Carstairs

Alberta

Your Telephone:

If you are without telephone service, now is the time to instal it. Rates will never be cheaper but—

FROM MAY 1st. TILL JULY 31st.
RURAL AND LOCAL TELEPHONES
WILL BE INSTALLED

FREE

UNDER CERTAIN SIMPLE CONDITIONS

SEE THE LOCAL TELEPHONE
AGENT TODAY

Alberta Government Telephones

Our prices on
GOOD YEAR
TIRES
are unbelievably
LOW



Come in and see
your size

CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER

Phone 4

Crossfield

ALBERTA GOVERNMENT SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

Backed by the Entire Resources of the Province

4%
PAYABLE
ON
DEMAND

NEW ISSUE—Provincial Saving Certificates issued for terms of one, two, three years, and bearing interest at 5 percent per Annum are now available in denominations of \$25, \$50, \$100 and larger amounts.

DEMAND CERTIFICATES—Savings Certificates payable on demand, bearing interest at 4 percent per annum are still available as in former years.

APPLY TO
Savings Certificate Branch
Treasury Dept., Edmonton

Hon. R. G. Reid,
Prov. Treasurer

5%
Term
Certificates
One, Two,
Three Years